Farmers Affirm Undiminished Confidence in U.F.A. Gov't.



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THE UNITED FARMERS of ALBERTA

Vol. V.

CALGARY, ALBERTA, JULY 2, 1926

No. 18

Forces of Co-operation and Harmony Remain Immune to Poison Gas of the Divisionists

Why, for the First Time in History, a Farmers' Political Movement Has Come Through Its Second Election Stronger Than It Was After the First

By PRESIDENT H. W. WOOD

The 1926 Alberta election is over. While at this writing the results are not all definitely known, there is no doubt that the U. F. A. representatives go back to Edmonton as strong or stronger in numbers than in 1921. In many respects this has been a remarkable campaign, and a very important election.

FORCES OF PEACE IMMUNE TO POISON GAS

So far as the orthodox political parties are concerned the campaign was a "fight" pure and simple. The usual methods of warfare, including the free use of poison gas, were indulged in. Of course, there was nothing remarkable about this, as it represents an old established order, an order that is not susceptible to change. The thing that is remarkable is that while each of the two fighting forces was trying to overcome a third force, that represented peace and good will, the casualties were all from the ranks of the fighting forces. The force of peace, seemingly immune to the political poison gas of would-be divisionists, made progress despite the confusion of the melee.

THE FIRST TIME IN HISTORY

By far the most important feature of the 1926 Alberta election is that for the first time in history, a farmers' political movement has come through its second election stronger than it was after the first. This is no more an accident than the normal results of adherence to true principles in any other constructive activities. The reason that disintegration has always set in in farmers' political movements, after the first election, is

that they have not adhered to true constructive principles. The reason that the U. F. A. political movement is stronger and more virile than it was five years ago is that it did adhere to those principles.

All farmers' political movements of the past have been constructed as political parties, or semipolitical parties. It is just as necessary that political forces be constructive as it is for any other forces in any activities of life. The political party is not and cannot be a constructive force. Under the political party, citizenship is divided against itself and forces thus constituted inevitably and unavoidably engage in warfare with each other.

NO LOGIC IN WARRING FORCES

There is no logic in having three warring forces instead of two. There would be no logic in having a political party composed of farmers engaged in a warfare with other parties. A political party, besides being inherently a fighting force, is not democratically organized, or democratically controlled. Consequently, it is not constructed in the interests of citizenship and does not develop the spirit of true citizenship, and can never hope to get the different elements of citizenship together in constructive effort.

The farmers of Alberta, realizing the necessity of social and industrial construction, and the important part played in the political field in all social constructive enterprises, decided to enter the political field on a basis that would enable them to co-operate with all other legitimate social or industrial political forces. We believed that

(Continued on page 22)



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PRINCIPAL CONTENTS PAGE Forces of Co-operation Remain Immune to Poison Gas1 Editorial	
KENNEDY WILL FIGHT ATTEMPT TO PREVENT HEARING OF PETITION 4 "THE U. F. A." OFFERS PRIZE OF \$25 FOR ARTICLE ON CO-OP STORE PEOPLE OF ALBERTA SHOW COMPLETE CONFIDENCE IN U. F. A.	THE PERSON NAMED IN
Administration 6 Wheat Pool Proposed in Ontario 7 News From the Wheat Pool Head Office 7	,
SASKATCHEWAN APPEAL COURT GIVES DAMAGES FOR BREACH OF POOL CONTRACT WHY I AM A MEMBER OF THE U. F. A. PRINCIPLES OF U. F. A. FIND EXPRESSION IN JUNIOR CONFERENCE 10	4
News From Head Office of Alberta Livestock Pool 14 Alberta Co-operative League Lays Plans to Widen Movement 16 Athabasca "Cess" Pool Fund Now \$1364.79 17	1
Urge Removal of Discrimination in Freight Rates 20 Delegates to Annual Meeting of Wheat Pool 20	

EDITORIAL

RECORD OF 1921 WILL PROBABLY BE BROKEN

As we go to press, U. F. A. candidates are elected or in the lead in 43 constituencies, and it is generally anticipated that Ben Plumer, the U. F. A. candidate in Bow Valley, who is 26 votes ahead of Shaw with all polls heard from, will be elected on the second count. It is possible that a few of the seats in which U. F. A. candidates are in the lead, may fail to be carried, but the latest returns seem to indicate that the U. F. A. representation in the Assembly will be not less than 40, and that it may be more. In the Provincial general election of 1921, the U. F. A. elected 38 members.

PARTYISM IN COLLAPSE

Remaining steady under a months' bombardment by the six daily newspapers and by the party spokesmen who employed most of the old devices and some new ones in the hope of dividing the people into rival factions, the farmers and farm women of Alberta reaffirmed on June 28th, their faith in the principles of co-operation as opposed to partyism, and their confidence in the U.F. A. Government.

ism, and their confidence in the U. F. A. Government.

The defeat of the party forces, and the return to the Legislative Assembly of an even larger number of representatives freed from the traditions and methods of partyism, than were returned in 1921, is, in many respects, the most notable achievement in the history of the organization.

In 1921, the U. F. A. Government was swept into power on the crest of a wave of resentment of the the results of the old system. The uprising of the people was spectacular. The novelty of their first attempt to carry out the nomination and election of their own representatives was, in Itself, a stimulus to action. It had been freely predicted by the opponents of the U. F. A. political movement that the heritage of serious economic and financial problems with which the new Government was saddled would prove too heavy a burden, and that within a few years there would be a complete reaction in favor of a return to partyism.

In their election activities in 1926, the Farmers lacked the stimulus of novelty. But in its place they had the experience of five years' progress from inefficiency to efficiency in every department of Government. In spite of the unremitting press campaign against them, the farmers have gained a quiet confidence in their own ability to carry on their own affairs in their own way. They have learned much in their own schools of democracy. They have obtained a deeper insight into the

methods and possibilities of democratic political action. They have acquired the habit of examining with wise scepticism the pronouncements of those newspapers and those politicians who so confidently assure them that the people will be stronger if they divide their ranks, than if they remain united.

It is for these reasons that the achievement of 1926 is far greater than the victory of 1921. The people of Alberta have given notice to the politicians that they have done with partyism, that they will not be moved by appeals to a factional spirit, that they are determined to pursue the path of co-operation until they attain, in this Province, the goal of a united and harmonious community.

URBAN AND RURAL CITIZENSHIP

We are convinced that nothing but the hostility of the daily press and the obscurantism of politicians stands in the way of effective co-operation in the carrying on of the affairs of this Province, between rural and urban citizens.

of this Province, between rural and urban citizens.

In the city of Edmonton, where Hon. J. F. Lymburn made his appeal to the people as an opponent of the party system, the citizens responded by returning the new Attorney-General with a spectacular majority at the head of the poll. The people of the capital realize the nature of the achievement of the non-party administration of which Premier Brownlee is the head, better than the people of Calgary, because they are brought into closer contact with Governmental affairs. It must also be said that one of the Edmonton dailies, in its news columns, has given on the whole a fairer account of the work of the Government than any other daily newspaper in Alberta.

The people of Calgary would be not less ready than the people of Edmonton to respond to an appeal to their citizenship, were they not carefully guarded from the discovery of the aims and purposes of the U. F. A. political movement by a partizan press and public men who in Provincial and Dominion affairs place their party allegiance and aspiration first, and citizenship second. The result of the present policy of obscurantism is that with the exception of the Labor members, Calgary's representatives in the next Legislature will be representatives of the old political parties, dominated and controlled from Ottawa. Each party representative is pledged to unending war against the other political party, and by the nature of his commitments, cannot sincerely co-operate, but must oppose.

Hon. Alex. Ross, the Minister of Public Works, who was one of the candidates of the Labor party in Calgary, was unfortunately defeated. If the character of the services which Mr. Ross has given as an administrator had been realized by the electorate, he would undoubtedly have been elected by a large vote. Mr. Ross, however, is not a self-advertiser, and the party press is opposed to him on party principles.

Premier Brownlee never poses as a political Moses, but Albertans who heard the two party leaders and also Mr. Brownlee had no difficulty in deciding for themselves which of the leaders approached the discussion of public questions in a statesmanlike way. We do not think even a political opponent would question the statement that Mr. Brownlee's speeches are fairer, and more convincing, than the speeches of any party Premier of Alberta since the creation of the Province.

The necessity for a vigorous membership drive is no less now that the Provincial election is over, than it was before. We believe that the members of the Association throughout the Province are determined to bring the organization up to strength. This will require a sustained effort. The situation at Ottawa demonstrates the absolute necessity for preparation to meet the eventuality of another Federal election.

Donald M. Kennedy, M.P., Will Fight Any Attempt to Prevent Petition Filed Against His Election in Peace River Being Heard

Man Who Filed Petition Against Kennedy Seeks Permission to Withdraw, but Member Insists That Char-Shall Be Threshed Out in Court, and Will Himself, if Necessary, Bring Petition to Trial — Declar Intention to Resign Seat When Can Legally Do So—Kennedy Believes U. F. A. Suffered Loss of More Votes Than Collins, Owing to Failure to Open Polls Where U. F. A. Was Strong

Considerable interest has been aroused by the political situation in the constitu-

ency of Peace River.

In the recent election D. M. Kennedy was declared elected, after a protracted recount, by a majority of 17 votes over the Conservative candidate, J. A. Collins, who in turn had a majority of only 25 over William A. Rae representing the

Immediately after the election criminal proceedings were instituted against a deputy returning (fficer, one "Baldy" Robb, for having switched ballots from Collins to Rae. This case was tried before a judge and jury, when 111 voters swore they voted for Collins. The actual return at that poll was—Collins 22, Kennedy 12, Rae 127.

ONE BALLOT SWITCHED WOULD JUSTIFY VERDICT

Assuming the evidence of each of these witnesses to be true, and that the 111 included the 22 recorded for Collins, it would follow that 89 votes were "switched" from Collins to Rae. Robb was found guilty by a jury, and sent-enced to five years' imprisonment. This case has been appealed by Robb, and the appeal is at present pending. It may be said in passing that it does not neces-corily follows that the jury believed each sarily follow that the jury believed each of these 111 witnesses, as if only one of the voters had his ballot switched, that fact would have been sufficient to justify a verdict of guilty. The charge against the accused was not one of "switching" 89 votes, but one of "switching" votes.

In the meantime a petition under the Controverted Elections Act against the return of Mr. Kennedy was filed by the legal firm of C. W. Cross, the member for Athabasca. A short time previously Mr. Kennedy had presented to the House of Commons a petition for an enquiry under the Corrupt Practices Act into corrupt practices alleged to have pre-

vailed in the Athabasca election.

The petitioner in Mr. Kennedy's case is one J. B. Page of Edson. The Conservative candidate has openly declared that he was not in any way a party to its filing, and it is generally understood that the Liberals are equally discon-

nected with it. With both of the parties interested disclaiming the paternity of this petition, the question naturally arises, who is Mr. Page, and whom does he represent? Then, too, who was altruistic enough to come forward with the deposit of \$1,000, which must accompany the filing of such a petition? Why was it that the petitioner accused Mr. Kennedy of all the possible crimes under the Elections Act, when his Conservative and Liberal opponents have vied with each other in dissociating Mr. Kennedy, and his supporters, from any acts during the PETITIONER SEEKS TO WITH-DRAW-KENNEDY URGES THAT PETITION BE HEARD

Leave to withdraw the petition against the return of D. M. Kennedy, against the return of D. M. Kennedy, M.P., is being sought by John Bernard Page, who originally Issued the petition through the law office of C. W. Cross' firm. The case was brought before Mr. Justice Ford. R. D. Tighe, appearing in behalf of Mr. Kennedy, opposed the motion of Mr. Page, for leave to withdraw, urging that the petition should now be tried. No argument took place, and the hearing was adjourned until next week. The petition was filed on February 26th, after Mr. Kennedy had taken steps to secure an investigation into the irregularities in Athabasca, when C. W. Cross was declared elected. Since W. Cross was declared elected. Since the petition was filed, however, neither Mr. Page nor any other person, Liberal or Conservative, has shown any desire to proceed with It, but Mr. Kennedy insists that the matter should now be thoroughly threshed

election, which would even indirectly reflect upon his or their integrity?

It would not be proper at this stage



D. M. KENNEDY, M.P.
Who Will Himself Bring Peace River Petition
to Trial if No One Else Will Undertake
to Do So.

to discuss the merits of the petition, as that is a matter which rests with the courts. We understand that it is Mr.

Kennedy's intention to himself press this petition to trial with all possible expedition after the termination of the present

On April 6th, after the announcement of the verdict in the Robb case, Mr. Kennedy made a statement in the House pointing out that under the House of Commons Act he was not permitted to resign while a petition under the Controverted Elections Act was pending. Mr. Kennedy also drew to the attention of the House, a point overlooked by his opponents, that while Mr. Collins was apparently the victim of circumstances in respect of the switching of ballots, that he was equally such a victim, and suffered to at least the same, if not a greater, extent in consequence of the neglect of the officials to open three polls where his supporters were admittedly greatly in the majority.

About a month ago the Hon. R. B. Bennett, the member for West Calgary, presented to the House a petition signed by Mr. Collins praying the House to de-clare him the duly elected member for Peace River instead of the sitting member, Mr. Kennedy.

THE ORDINARY PROCEDURE

On May 4th the Prime Minister raised a point of order that under the Rules and Procedure of the House the petition could not be received. If the petition was apparently in order, the procedure ordinarily followed in such cases would be for the House to receive the petition, and to refer it to the Committee on Privileges and Elections for consideration and subsequent report by them to the House, who would then finally deal

A considerable debate followed on the question as to whether the House should receive the petition, and several previ-ous cases were cited, but there remained the two outstanding instances cited by the Prime Minister, which were to the effect that the House of Commons having divested itself in 1873 by the Controverted Elections Act of jurisdiction in contested election cases, and vested that jurisdiction in the courts, it was not now competent of the House to deal with this matter.

On May 6th the Speaker delivered his ruling, expressing his concurrence with the two cases referred to by the Premier, and pointed out that the procedure adopted there was to refuse to receive the petition, a procedure which was further warranted by the provisions of Rule 75, sub-section 8, of the rules of the

The rules of the House admit of an appeal from the ruling of the Speaker to the House itself, but it is submitted that while such a rule is justified by the necessity of the House to protect itself against an arbitrary ruling of a Speaker,

that recourse should be had only to such an appeal where the ruling is clearly of an arbitrary or biassed nature.
WOULD NOT BE
JUDICIAL OPINION

The House divested itself of jurisdiction in election cases for the reason that an expression of opinion in the House on such a question would not be a judicial, but rather a party one, and that it was impossible to obtain in a House com-posed of the various political parties, that atmosphere of detachment from party views which would be necessary to ensure justice being done.

The ruling of the Speaker being upon a question of similar import, it is to be regretted that the Conservative party should have appealed from his decision to the House. The ruling of the Speaker was sustained, and the petition was not received. The matter now rests with the

Quite recently a further petition of Mr. Collins was presented with the same object in view, but was worded so as to bring the conduct of the election officials (over whom the House has admittedly control) into question.

The speaker left the point of order as to whether the petition was receivable to the House, which again rejected it after a lengthy debate of a somewhat technical nature. Mr. Kennedy while entitled to be present, absented himself from the House during the debate, and did not take any part in the division.

KENNEDY EAGER THAT PETITION BE HEARD

A few days later (on the 18th of June), Mr. Kennedy, on a question of privilege, rose to make an explanation. He again explained to the House about the election petition pending in court, wherein he was charged with every conceivable form of election fraud, and said that while he was not permitted by law to resign while the petition was pending, he conceived it to be his duty in any case to first proceed with the peti-tion and deny publicly on oath each and every one of these charges, and invite the petitioner, or any other person, to come forward and try to prove any one of those charges.

Mr. Kennedy explained to the House that it was too generally assumed that Mr. Collins had been deprived of 90 votes, whereas "Baldy" Robb was not charged with "switching" any particular number of votes, and that accordingly,

if the jury believed that even only one vote had been switched, it would have been sufficient for the verdict of

POLLS WHERE U. F. A. STRONG NEVER OPENED

Mr. Kennedy's position is that he believes he suffered more than Mr. Collins as three polls, where he had admittedly great strength, were never opened, and where he undoubtedly would have re-ceived such a majority over Mr. Collins as would have more than offset the 90 votes in question. Mr. Kennedy, how-ever, did not intend to retain his seat under such circumstances, and intimated to the House that he would resign as soon as the petition was disposed of and

he was in a position to do so legally.

The member also added that a rumor had arisen to the effect that the petition would be withdrawn, and stated emphatically that he would not only not be a party to it, but would oppose it, and would himself bring it to trial, if no one else would do so, and that he had instructed his solicitor, Mr. R. D. Tighe, immediately the session was over, to take every necessary step to ensure an early hearing.

"The U.F.A." Offers Prize of \$25 for Best Article on Co-operative Store

Contest Open to All Members of the Alberta Co-operative League-Articles Should Be Brief and Practical.

Story of the Killam Co-operative Assn.

By WILLIAM HALSALL

In 1914, a paper was read by the secretary of the Willow Hollow U. F. A. Local on "Co-operation." The members showed their practical interest in the subject by forming the Willow Hollow Co-operative Association. Twenty-two members took out shares of \$10 each, and we were duly Twenty-two members took

We carried on the usual business of a U. F. A. Co-op. association, buying car lot quantities of twine, wire, salt, flour, coal, apples, etc., and saved our members considerable money. On the first car of twine that we purchased we saved 4c per

We carried on in this manner for six years, during which time we purchased \$100,000 worth of goods for members and non-members, and distributed a purchase dividend on the small surplus we made.

START RETAIL STORE IN KILLAM, 1921

In 1921 we decided to start a retail store in the town of Killam. We altered the name of our association to the Killam District Co-operative Association, and we got together about \$4,000 capital. Business was commenced in March, 1921, in a small building with a small stock of groceries. It was our desire to go very, very slow, and gain experience in the retail business as we went along. In May we made an addition to our building and paid for it outright. This left us with but very little capital to stock up with. Business came to us so quickly that we "The U, F. A." is offering a prize of \$25 for the best article describing the history and difficulties met with and the factors which have made for success in co-operative store management in Alberta. The competition has been arranged at the request of the Alberta Co-operative League, and is open to all members of the League, who should submit their contribu-tions at the earliest possible date. Articles should be from 700 to 1,000 words in length, and should be of a practical character. The first article Is printed on this page. Entries will be closed at a date to be announced in a later issue of this paper.

were almost overwhelmend with the rush. By December 31 of that year we had a turnover of \$72,000 in the nine months and a stock of \$12,000.

SURPLUS SHOWN AT FIRST ANNUAL MEETING

At our first annual meeting we were able to show a surplus of \$2,000. Onethird of this amount was put to a reserve and the balance was left in the business by the shareholders.

The years 1922, 1923 and 1924 were

lean years, but the business showed an increase each year, and we managed to show a profit of \$2,000 each year. We were by this time engaged in handling groceries, dry goods, hardware, lumber, etc., and were also handling hogs and cattle for the farmers.

In this latter branch of our activities we handled about 90 per cent. of the livestock in the district, and as regards our end of the business, we are giving effi-

The chief drawback in our business

has been the lack of sufficient capital, and we had to procure loans from the bank. Toward the end of 1923, however, the bank withdrew these loans, pointing out to us that it was not a bank's func-tion to provide capital for anyone. This statement seemed a very reasonable one to us. We immediately set forth the facts to our members, and from that date a good many of them have deposited their money with their own store and we have been able to finance without any aid from the bank.

CAREFUL JUDGMENT IN GRANTING CREDIT

We have endeavored to carry on a cash business, but at times have been forced to give credit. The Rochdale principles were mainly drawn up for industrial workers earning a weekly wage, whereas the farmer's income is not so regular. Very careful judgment needs to be exercised in granting credit, and we do not encourage this form of trading. The solution of credit, we believe, lies in establishing co-operative credit banks where members can deposit their savings and these can be loaned out to farmers who can give proper security. Today our membership is 160 and our capital \$7,000, reserve \$2,600.

As our association becomes stronger financially and our membership increases we hope to give attention to other local co-operative activities. We also look forward to co-operating with other co-operative associations toward establishing a co-operative wholesale. However, education and organization are needed along these lines. Meanwhile we have an in-telligent, thoroughly loyal membership and there is no better class anywhere. The future looks bright with possibilities.

People of Alberta Show Complete Confidence in U.F.A. Administration by Re-electing Government, Probably With an Increased Majority

Great Tide of Liberalism and Hurricane of Conservatism Which Daily Press Has Been Recording for Past Month, Suddenly Recedes on Morning of Election Day—Daily Press and Political Parties Controlled From Ottawa Suffer Second Defeat at Hands of Alberta Farmers—Government Record Meets With Approval of the People—Party System in Alberta Rejected By the Electorate and U. F. A. Principle of Co-operation Between Industrial Interests Endorsed

The "Great Tidal Wave of Liberalism" whose rapid progress had been recorded with fidelity in the Liberal portion of the daily press during the days preceding the election, and the "Irresistible Swing to the Conservative Party," which the Conservative press had recorded with equal fidelity, receded, with devastating effect to the party forces, on the morning of June 28th, the day of the election, when the farmers and farm women of Alberta swept back the Lib-eral "wave" and ended the Conservative "swing" and returned to power, prob-ably with an increased majority, the U. F. A. Government which has brought Alberta through the period of crisis, and carried this Province away from the confusion and schisms and venomous politics of the old party system on to the high road of co-operation and progress towards better things.

ROUT GREATER THAN IN 1921

The daily press (which in 1921 attacked the U. F. A. political movement with all the weapons which from historic times have formed the main equipment of the old party system), proved during the 1926 election campaign that it had forgotten the lessons of 1921, and in the intervening period had learned nothing. The press and the leaders of the two old political parties, completing a campaign carried on from beginning to end on the old lines, met at the hands of the farmers and other rural people of Alberta a defeat even greater than the rout of 1921. In that year the U. F. A. Government was returned on the crest of a wave of popular indignation against the evils which had been the inevitable outgrowth of the party system itself, and the people installed in office a Government freed from the spirit of partyism. In 1926, after the U. F. A. Government had served out its full term of five years, and after its record had been under attack during the whole period by six daily newspapers, the farmers and rural people generally, were too well informed as to the facts of that record to be dependent upon the editorials of the daily newspapers or the speeches of the Conservative and Liberal supermen who showered the electorate with lavish promises. The farmers and farm women showed their undiminished confidence in their own movement, in their own ability to manage their own political affairs in their own way, by giving a new mandate to their own Government.

Detailed election returns are not as yet complete, but the Onigary Albertan,

which was behind the disastrous Liberal campaign, and can be counted on not to exaggerate the extent of the party debacle, concedes 36 seats to the U.F.A. as certainties, while there is every likelihood that after second choices have been counted, the record of 1921, when 38 U. F. A. candidates were returned in the general election, will have been broken. The U. F. A. is leading in 43 constituencies, but in a number of these the result will not be determined until the second choices have been counted. Until then, we defer any predictions as to the final U. F. A. representation in the new Legislature.

In the general election of 1921, the U. F. A. elected 38 members to an Assembly of 61. The strength of the U. F. A. in the Legislature, before prorogation, was 40 members, two seats having been gained since the general election.

DAILY PRESS IN THE ROLE OF PROPHETS

Those of our readers who may have been in the habit of reading the news of the election "campaign" in the daily papers, will be familiar with the preelection predictions. As in 1921, in common with the political party leaders who take their directons from the dominant party machines at Ottawa, the daily papers proved blind guides. From day to day their columns were filled with optimistic predictions of the downfall of the U. F. A. Government, and the victory of partyism. The Liberal party, said the Liberal daily press, would win every seat north of the Saskatchewan River. A great "tide of Liberalism" was rising throughout the Province, and every speech of J. T. Shaw, the new leader of the old Liberal party, it was said, brought the tide a little higher. The Conservative press, publishing on its front pages under impressive headlines, reports of meetings addressed by A. A. McGillivray at which, in many cases, a mere handful of electors was present, declared that a hurricane of Conservatism (or words to that effect) was sweeping over Central and Southern Alberta, carrying before it the last remnants of the grossly "inefficient" Government which the farmers of the Province had set up. Almost every city lawyer with political ambitions, who ventured into the rural districts for the purpose of convincing the farmers that no Farmers' Government could in the nature of things, give

efficient service told a similar story.

Every member of the cabinet, with the exception of Hon. Alex Ross, who was a

Labor candidate in the city of Calgary, was elected. The excellent service which Mr. Ross has given as an administrator had naturally been given little publicity by the Calgary papers which formed the claque for the old line parties. In Edmonton, however, the general body of citizens returned Hon. J. F. Lymburn, the new Attorney-General, at the head of the poll. Mr. Lymburn's campaign was consistently and definitely a repudiation of the party system, and it is evident that in Edmonton the citizens themselves are no longer in thrall to the traditions of partyism.

PREMIER HAS BIG MAJORITY

Premier Brownlee, in Ponoka, received an overwhelming majority over both his opponents on the first count, and almost every cabinet Minister received a very large majority, Vernor Smith, in Camrose, having the most spectacular total.

Okotoks, which borders on the city of Calgary, was invaded on election day by a legion of Calgary automobiles, and in the oil fields an attempt was made to turn the vote against the U. F. A. Government, on account of its passage of the pipeline bill which gives common carrier rights and is designed to protect the public. The Calgary Livestock Exchange, which resents the legislation of the last session, designed to afford increased protection for the Livestock Pool, also sent a strong delegation into this constituency on election day, to oppose the U. F. A. Minister.

As we go to press, the result of the first count in Bow Valley, with all polls complete gives Plumer (U. F. A.) 870, Shaw (Lib.) 844 and Purcell (Cons.) 636, and it is considered probable that Mr. Shaw will be defeated on the second count. PARTIES ALMOST EQUALLY DIVIDED

It seems likely that the Liberals will have a slightly larger group in the Assembly than the Conservatives. One Liberal was elected in Calgary and one in Edmonton, while each of these two cities returned two Conservatives.

Results in the cities are as follows:

Calgary: A. A. McGillivray, Cons., John Irwin, Cons., Geo. H. Webster, Lib., F. J. White, Labor, R. H. Parkyn, Ind. Lab.

Edmonton: J. F. Lymburn, U. F. A., C. Y. Weaver, Cons., C. L. Gibbs, Lab., W. Prevey, Lib., D. M. Duggan, Cons.

(Continued on page 18)

NEWS FROM THE ALBERTA WHEAT POOL HEAD OFFICE

A Page of Information for Wheat Pool Members and Locals.

Saskatchewan Appeal Court Orders Member to Pay 25 Cents per Bushel Damages for Breach of Pool Contract

Decision of Great Interest to All Pools, Though No Apprehension Had Been Caused to Alberta Wheat Pool, as Clause in Our Original Act of Incorporation Gave Full Protection—Secretary German, in Letter to Secretary Van Slyke of Dairy Pool, Indicates Time Opportune to Deal With Certain Propaganda in Northern Alberta—Alberta Wheat Pool Stands With Other Pools in Defence of Validity of All Pool Contracts

Holding that the contracts between the Saskatchewan Wheat Pool and the farmers of that Province are valid and binding, a decision of vital interest to all the Canadian Pools was handed down in the appeal court of Saskatchewan on June 21st. The case arose out of a breach of contract by one of the members of the Wheat Pool of the neighboring Province, and as a result of the decision, the member concerned is required to pay liquidated damages of 25 cents for each bushel of grain sold by him through other agencies than the Pool. The appeal court held that the Pool is not a primary grain dealer, and the claim that it operated in restraint of trade was held not to be entitled "to serious consideration."

NEVER CAUSED APPREHENSION TO ALBERTA POOL

The appeal reversed a decision by Mr. Justice Embury, who had found in favor of the defendant. While the reversal of Judge Embury's decision and the upholding of the validity of the Saskatchewan contract is of general interest to all adverse decision had in fact never caused the Alberta Wheat Pool any apprehension, because, as Secretary German of

the Alberta Wheat Pool points out, "the points upon which the decision was based did not in any way concern the Alberta Wheat Pool contract, our position being made clear by the provisions of Clause 4 of the Act of Incorporation adopted by the Alberta Legislature, which reads as follows:

The agreement referred to In subsection 8 of section 8 hereof, or any agreement to the like effect heretofore or hereafter purporting to have been or to be entered into between the corporation and any other person or persons or corporation, is declared to have been and to be in full force, virtue and effect and to be legal, valid and binding.

This enabling legislation, included in the Act of Incorporation of the Alberta Pool, was not included in the Act of Incorporation of the Saskatchewan Pool at the time of the initial action, but was placed on the statute book at the last session of the Saskatchewan Provincial Legislature.

OPPORTUNE TIME TO DEAL WITH PROPAGANDA

Indicating the intention of the Alberta Wheat Pool to stand together with all other Pools, whether for the marketing of wheat or of other products, in the deFrom the Secretary's Desk

SEND IN DELIVERY CHECKING COUPONS AT ONCE

TO WHEAT POOL MEMBERS:

We desire again to remind our members that JULY 15TH NEXT is closing date for deliveries to the 1925 Pool. Any Street Wheat delivered to local elevators up to and including JULY 15TH will be included in this year's Pool and settled for on this year's basis. Carlots billed out up to and including JULY 15TH will also be settled for on this year's basis. In case any members are still holding wheat intended for 1925 Pool, we ask your co-operation in making delivery AT ONCE.

ANY MEMBERS WHO HAVE NOT SENT IN THEIR DELIVERY CHECKING COUPONS SHOULD DO SO AT ONCE in order that balance of deliveries may be identified in preparation for distribution of a future payment as and when announced.

ALBERTA CO-OPERATIVE WHEAT PRODUCERS, LIMITED.

226 Lougheed Bldg., Calgary.

fence of the validity of the Pool contracts, Secretary R. O. German, in a letter to R. A. Van Slyke, secretary of the Alberta Dairy Pool, recently summarized the decision of the Saskatchewan court of appeal, and stated the position of the Alberta Wheat Pool. Writing in reply to a letter from Mr. Van Slyke, Secretary German notes "with interest and no little surprise that propaganda is being carried on in the northern district against the validity of the Members' Agreements of the various Pools", and adds, "This question has come at a very opportune time to permit us to deal with it in a decisive manner."

WHERE ANY FLAGRANT VIOLATION OCCURS

Mr. German points out, as indicated above, that owing to the clause in the Alberta Wheat Pool Incorporation which has been quoted, no apprehension had at any time been caused to the Alberta Pool as to the validity of the Alberta contract. He goes on to say: "With regard to any cases in which this Association has found it necessary to take action for alleged breach of contract, we have, as you know, never found it necessary to go before the courts, the defendant in each case settling on our terms . . . our policy has been consistently along the lines that where any member deliberately and flagrantly violates his contract he will be taken to task as in the contract provided."

Mr. German continues:

"You no doubt have already noticed press despatches to the effect that on June 21st the appeal was tried in Regina and judgment was handed down in favor of the (sakatchewan Peol, and the defendent (Zurewald) was hald liable for

(Continged in min in)

WHEAT POOL PROPOSED IN ONTARIO

Our members will be interested in the fact that steps are being taken in the Province of Ontario looking toward the organization of a Wheat Pool for that Province. The initiative is being taken by the United Farmers' Co-operative Company, the Directors of which met on June 17th in Toronto, when the decision was made to organize a Pool.

For some time past officials of the United Farmers' Co-operative Company have been in touch with officials of the Western Canadian Pools, who have intimated their willingness to offer what assistance they can in putting over the Pool in Ontario.

"CANNOT AFFORD TO REMAIN ALOOF"

The official organ of the United Farmers' Co-operative Company, "The Farmers' Sun," says that "while there is no disposition to overlook the difficulties likely to be encountered in the way of organizing a Pool and putting it on a working basis, there seems to be a general belief that Ontario cannot afford to remain aloof from the Pool system of marketing wheat."

afford to remain aloof from the Pool system of marketing wheat."

The Canada Year Book (1924) gives the following figures for the three prairie Provinces and Ontario in area sown to wheat and total yield in the year 1923, which is the latest year for which figures are given in the Year

Book:

		Yield		Yield per acre		
		per	Total	10 year average		
	Acres	Acre	Yield	1913 to 1922		
Ontario	828,908	23.40	18,537,000	bus.	22.25	
Manitoba	2,915,915	11.25	32.804.000	66	16.00	
Saskatchewan	12,791,000	19.75	252,622,000	44	15.25	
Alberta	5,958,361	28.00	166,834,000	"	15.10	

These figures will serve as an index to the volume of production in the four Provinces.

Why I Am a Member of the U.F.A.

How One Alberta Farmer Came to the Conclusion That the U. F. A. Is "Something for Every Alberta Farmer to Be Chesty About"

By JOHN A. LUND

I am very often asked by farmers and others what the U. F. A. has done, what it is doing, and what good it would do to become a member.

WHY I AM OFTEN AT LOSS FOR AN ANSWER

Well, many, if not most of the times, I am at a loss for an answer. If people, after watching the open and above-board activities of the U. F. A. for about seventeen years, still can ask such questions, I feel that my poorly worded explanations are entirely inadequate to throw any light, visible to the questioners; and as there are still many farmers who do not realize the significance of the organization, it may not be out of order if some one member should state his own reasons for being a member and proud of it. Therefore, I will give my reasons why I am a member and what I see in the U. F. A.

For physical organization purposes, the U. F. A. is organized as an economic class organization, like any other indus-

trial organization.

But the aims and principles of the U. F. A. have developed and are more and more developing into such a nature that it may well cause the blood to tingle with hope and appreciation, when contemplated in all-its possibilities.

Perhaps, at first, commercial activities and possible financial savings or gains were considered as the aim, just as that is the present goal for all other industrial organizations, with a few notable

exceptions.

EVERY ONE HAD HIS OWN SURE CURE

I was not particularly interested in this, but became a member because it was an organization and I was curious to know if anyone else had a sure cure for all our social and economic ills, the same as I had. They had. Most every member had an infallible panacea that only needed to be applied. Oh, we knew a lot in those days, 'way back in 1909! But our various remedies were irreconcilable with each other, and each member knew that the rest were very ignorant. I am now inclined to think that each member was absolutely right in their surmises of each other.

ANY EFFORT FOR PUBLIC GOOD IS U. F. A. BUSINESS

But the U. F. A. gradually rose above the pecuniary personal ideas, and out of the composite ideas of the membership the principle, that the most good to the most people without exploiting any, and an organized intelligent citizenship would be most beneficial to ourselves, grew and developed as the mental capacities of the membership co-crdinated themselves to organized and co-operative action, until now it is the foundation principle of the organization. As soon as this became apparent to the majority of the membership, the opportunities for enlarged activities became unlimited. Any effort for public and national welfare immediately became the business of the U. F. A., logically and in order.

In the very fine article which we print below, John A. Lund of Barons, for many years past one of the most devoted workers in the U.F.A. cause, expresses the spirit which inspires many thousands of the organized farmers of this Province.

The failure of our opponents to comprehend the nature of the U. F. A. spirit is responsible for their complete miscalculation in the recent Provin-

cial election.

It is the persistence of the U. F. A. spirit which has confounded the daily press, rendered its massed attacks upon the U. F. A. political movement fruitless, and made to appear ridiculous its repeated predictions of the downfall of the mobilized citizenship force which the Alberta farmers have built up.

The party press which a few days ago announced with the utmost confidence the pending doom of the U. F. A. Government, has again proved a

false prophet. The reason is made clear by Mr. Lund's article.

The daily press of Alberta is the greatest obstacle standing in the way of the creation of an understanding between the rural and urban people. That the people of the cities are not opposed to co-operation with the organized farmers was demonstrated in Edmonton on Monday. When the desire of the U. F. A. for co-operation in place of party division can be placed fairly and fully before the people of all the cities, we entertain no doubt as to the nature of their response.

The power of the party press to influence rural opinion against the U. F. A. plan of co-operation in political affairs, is now almost broken. Its power to mislead the city people is waning. The portion of the weekly press which displays an understanding of the meaning of the U. F. A. movement

is gaining in influence.

BENEFITS IMPLY INCREASED RESPONSIBILITY

It commenced teaching the duties of citizenship to its members, impressing the fact, that for any power gained, and for any benefit received, a corresponding responsibility must be assumed—that, as nation or community, we could only progress as fast as the majority of the people could understand and would assume their personal part of the public duties and responsibilities of citizenship.

The principle of co-operation was, and is being enlarged from the former narrow idea of co-operation for gain by a few, to the truer and broader principle of co-operation by all for the welfare of the country and its people, and, incidenentally, by this method, we would receive larger and more permanent benefits than otherwise would be possible.

WHAT OUR OPPONENTS CANNOT UNDERSTAND

It is mainly this principle of co-operation that the exploiters of the people cannot understand, and they therefore cannot contemplate any activity of the U. F. A., except from their own selfish motives.

This is especially made apparent at present by the old school of politicians, who, during the recent election, have been travelling up and down the Province telling in "ringing" speeches how completely ignorant they are of the principles of the U. F. A., and attributing to the U. F. A. their own lust for power for power's sake.

The U. F. A., while public in principles, has not neglected the economic welfare of the agricultural class, of which it is composed, but little or nothing is done for anyone individually, because of his membership in the organization; a U. F. A. member has no privileges which cannot freely be shared by any

farmer or citizen, whether members or

A CHALLENGE TO ALL OUR ENEMIES

The successful fight for the restoration of the Crow's Nest Pass Agreement was waged for all farmers; the Wheat Pool is free for all, and even now, when the politicians have been searching every corner of the Province for something to accuse the U. F. A. of (and they are not particularly truthful, either), I will defy them to state one act of the U. F. A. Government in Edmonton or of the U. F. A. members at Ottawa, in favor of the U. F. A. members, that was not equally favorable to all farmers or to a benefit for all citizens of the country.

Come down to facts and cases, and tell the whole truth, you old party bell-ringers, and we will talk with you, but we will pay very little attention to you while you are just making a noise like an alarm clock with the stop catch broken; when run down you will stop, and the motive power will break; and now, as the result of the election shows, you are pretty nearly run down, aren't you?

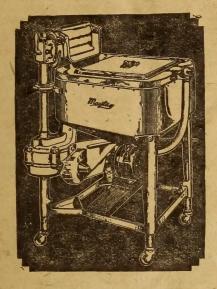
A Big Ben is hardly worth repairing when broken. But this is another story.

WHY I AM PROUD OF MY MEMBERSHIP

I am proud to be a member of the U. F. A. because of the principles for which it stands—for the privilege of having learned to know the greatest number of clean-thinking and progressive men that can be found in any state or Province—for the educational gains I have received through it—for the unpurchasable men at the head of it—for the tremendous work it has undertaken to clean up the country—for the introducing of a system to handle the busi-

(Continued on page 17)

YOU DON'T NEED ELECTRICITY



9 Outstanding Maytag Features

- 1 Washes faster.
- 2 Washes cleaner.
- 3 Largest hourly capacity in the world.
- 4 Most compact washer made takes floor space only 25 inches square.
- 5 Cast aluminum tub can't warp, rot, swell, split or corrode.
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- 9 All metal wringer. Self adjusting. Instant tension release.
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But you do need the Maytag—The only washer operated by its own built-in Gasoline Engine.

Women in homes without electricity may have to put up with some inconveniences—but on wash-day they can have the very best wash-day service in the world—the Maytag Gyrafoam Washer. This is available through the famous Maytag Multi-Motor—the sturdiest, most economical, most dependable, fractional Horse Power Gasoline Motor ever developed.

THE POWERFUL MAYTAG MULTI-MOTOR

Handles the heaviest washings with perfect ease. The washer is easily moved about, and starts with a flip of the foot lever.

And no electric washer in the world—even including the electrically-operated Maytag Gyrafoam—will wash any faster, or wash any cleaner, or bring a single bit more all-around helpfulness.

You've never seen anything like the Maytag for speed, thoroughness and convenience—There has never been anything like it. It's new—new in its design, new in its exclusive Gyrafoam principle—years and years ahead.

Think what it does! Washes a whole tub of clothes in 3 to 7 minutes. Washes 50 lbs. of dry clothes an hour! Actually twice the quantity other washers will do. Washes everything from dainty silk pieces to heavy woolens, blankets and work clothes. Washes so thoroughly clean that no hand-rubbing is necessary. And then—the tub cleans itself in 30 seconds.

"Miracle of Monday"

You don't need a separate engine to operate it—It has its own built-in power plant. Do your whole wash with it.

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CALGARY

Principles and Ideals of the U. F. A. Find Expression in Younger Generation at the Junior U.F. A. Conference

Juniors in Attendance at the University Practice What They Have Learned at Home of the Principles of Co-operative Endeavor—President Wood Addresses Conference—Educational Features of Most Successful Week Are Well Chosen

By LUCILE MacRAE

The Junior Conference which closed at the University of Alberta on June 8th, was pronounced by many who have attended other Conferences in the past to be perhaps the most successful yet held by the young people of the Junior Branch of the U. F. A.

Coming together from every section of the Province on June 2nd—strangers

Coming together from every section of the Province on June 2nd—strangers to each other for the most part, these boys and girls attending University Week for Farm Young People at the University this year, before the end of the first day fitted into a co-operative group, that functioned as a perfect and wonderfully self-assured unit. It was remarked by one of the staff of the Extension Department, under whose supervision the Conference is held each year, that had it been necessary for every member of the department and every U. F. A. leader to absent themselves from the Conference, the young people would have carried on admirably alone. To many of the Senior organization present this development of the Junior Branch indicates that the principles and ideals of the U. F. A. are truly budding out into a higher social order in this younger generation.

PRACTICE WHAT THEY HAVE LEARNED AT HOME

These boys and girls, coming as they do from Junior Locals, have learned in these group training schools how to take their part in co-operative endeavor. At the University they merely practice what they have learned at home.

In summing up the Conference, Mr. E. A. Corbett, assistant director of the Extension Department of the University, enlarged on the work and aspirations of the United Farmers of Alberta, saying that President H. W. Wood had sounded the keynote of the young people's conference when he said that the greatest objective of the U. F. A. was the development of spiritual progress. Mr. Corbett urged the young people to be loyal to their organization, remembering always that on the vigor and enthusiasm they put into it would depend the realization of their dream of making Alberta a better place to live in. Vision, he said, was necessary for the solving of Alberta's economic problems, as vision has always been the first requisite in all great progress of every kind.

PRESIDENT WOOD ADDRESSES CONFERENCE

The Juniors were particularly fortunate this year in having President H. W. Wood address them on Friday, the 4th of June, this being the first year that Mr. Wood has attended a Conference.

From an educational viewpoint the courses offered to the young people by the Department of Extension this year were unusually well chosen and helpful, and every boy and girl went home feel-

ing that they had learned much to benefit them in a very practical way, both in carrying on their farm work, and in developing a fuller intellectual life.

The business session of the Junior Branch held on Saturday, June 5th, was truly a youthful parliament, carried on with the utmost order and precision. Donald Cameron, four years President of the Junior Branch, refused the nomination for re-election, and Charlie Mills of Fleet, was elected to take his place. Miss Molly Coupland of Lethbridge, was elected to the vice-presidency, and the newly-elected directors of the Junior Branch are: Charlie Hornstra, of Dalemead, for Macleod Constituency; Ada Carson, of Namao, for East and West Edmonton; Greta Isaac, of Consort, for Acadia; Molly Coupland, of Lethbridge, for Lethbridge; Rachel Stebbins, from Gleichen, for Bow River; Sybel Foster, of Dunvegan, for Peace River; Walter Kobitzsch, of Rosyth, for Battle River; Frances Fry, of Waskatenau, for Athabasca; Russel Roose, of Camrose, for Camrose; Effie Gelin, of Lockhart, for Wetaskiwin; Vernon Gilpin, of Viking, for Vegreville; Geo. Jones, of Crossfield, for East and West Calgary, and Joseph H. Whitaker, of Huxley, for Red Deer.

FAREWELL BANQUET IN ATHABASCA HALL

The large dining room of Athabasca Hall presented a very pretty picture



DELEGATES TO THE U. F. A. JUNIOR CONFERENCE

Tuesday evening as the representatives of the Farm Young People of Alberta gathered for their farewell banquet at the conclusion of University Week for Farm Young People. The tables were tastily decorated with the green and gold of the University. Dean Howes of the Faculty of Agriculture, toastmaster, following the toast of the King, called on Donald Cameron, retiring President of the Junior Branch, to propose a toast to the Province. This was responded to very fittingly by Mrs. R. B. Gunn, President of the U. F. W. A., who is also a member of the Board of Governors of the University of Alberta. Mrs. R. Clarke Fraser proposed a hearty toast Clarke Fraser proposed a hearty toast to the University, which was responded to by Dean W. A. R. Kerr, of the Faculty of Arts of the University. Miss Jessie F. Montgomery, librarian of the Department of Extension, then proposed a toast to "Our Visitors," which was responded to jointly by Mr. Charles Mills and Miss Molly Coupland, newly-elected President and Vice-President respectively of the Junior Branch of the spectively of the Junior Branch of the

DANCE IN CONVOCATION HALL

Immediately after the banquet the young people repaired to Convocation Hall, where circle two-steps. square dances and any number of the more conventional versions of the modern dance were the order of the evening. As most of the young people left on early trains Wednesday morning, official morning, official good-byes were said before the close of the dance Tuesday night.

The boys and girls present this year will long cherish the memory of University Week for Farm Young People and we will hope that next year will bring a greater army to storm the doors of the University.

ALEXANDRA ELECTS OFFICERS

The following officers were elected by the recent Convention of the Alexandra the recent Convention of the Alexandra U. F. A. Provincial Constituency Association: President, A. B. Wood. Riverton; vice-president, Mrs. M. E. Graham, Riverton; directors, D. McKenzie, Rising Sun; J. H. Abel, Lloydminster; J. Gaunt, Moyerton; W. H. Gordon, Islay; Mrs. S. C. Harrington, Tring: J. Tough, Islay. H. H. Dicconson, Kitscoty, is the secretary-treasurer.

OFFICERS FOR CORONATION CONSTITUENCY

The annual Convention of Coronation The annual Convention of Coronation U. F. A. Provincial Constituency Association, held last month. elected as officers the following: C. A. Fawcett, Consort, president; P. Johnson, Broadview, vice-president; O. M. Blair, Avonlea; Chas. R. Smith, Lorraine; John Dahl, Sedalia; H. E. Gudin, Basin Lake; C. C. Wager, Federal; F. J. Doherty, Silvercrest, directors. Mr. Doherty is also the secretary.

WHITFORD OFFICERS FOR YEAR R. H. Perley was elected president of the Whitford U. F. A. Provincial Con-stituency Association at the recent Con-vention. The vice-presidents are Metro Stefink and W. Hagens; secretary-treas-urer, L. G. Brav, Soda Lake; directors, John Ropcean, Bellis; W. A. Shire. Soda Lake; M. I. Anderson, Vilna; Mr. Hamp-ton, Bellis; W. A. Czumer. Snaky Lake. ton, Bellis; W. A. Czumer, Smoky Lake; M. Shalka, Shalka; W. Hueuliak, White ford.

USE A WATERLOO STEEL "CHAMPION" THRESHER



Read what Mr. Lunn of Scollard, Alta., wrote us on Jan. 1, 1926:

"I have been operating threshing machinery on and off since 1891, and I must say I have never seen a machine run as steadily as your "Champlon" separator. It is very simple to operate and does first-class work and Is built substantially. There Is one of your separators a few miles north of here, and the owner says It is as good as ever, after running 12 years."

Waterloo "Champlon" Threshers save the grain. You get ALL the grain, thoroughly cleaned ready for market. The "Champlon" is easy to operate, and never causes you costly delays, because every part is carefully made from high-grade materials and rigidly tested before it leaves our factory. Get the most out of your crop this year with the help of the "Champion."

Seven Sizes: 22x36; 24x36; 24x42; 28x48; 33x52; 36x56; and 40x62

EASY TERMS AND LOW COST WATERLOO HEIDER AND EAGLE TRACTORS

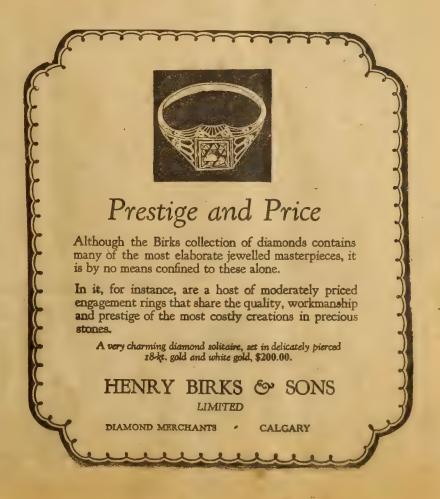
WAIDLE TRACTURES
Will give you long service with surplus power to do all the work you want. They are an ideal combination with the "Champion" Thresher. Work equally well with kerosene or gasoline. Two or four cylinder motors. Sizes: Heider, 15-27, 18-36
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AMAZING BARGAIN IN Genuine British Government SADDLE OUTFIT



The most popular Outfit in Canada today. We have sold thousands of these Outfits in Western Canada, which speaks well for the service they give. Outfit consists of: All-Leather British Government Cavalry Saddle, complete with cinch and stirrups; an all-wool saddle blanket; leather bridle with lines and bit; and a military tethering rope. This Outfit should sell for at least \$25.00, but we offer it to you at the absurdly low price of, each.... \$12.50

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SHIRTS

Khaki Moleskin Cloth Shirt. Extra quality, and a real wind-breaker. Price, delivered \$1.95

Heavy Khaki Cotton Tweed Work Shirts, made large and roomy. Collar attached, one outside breast pocket. A very serviceable shirt for farm wear. Sizes 14½ to 17½. Price, delivered. S1.25 Price, delivered to 17½. Price, delivered to 17½. A strong, dependable quality of khaki drill. Large and roomy. Attached collar, 2 breast pockets, coat style. Delivered, each.

ALL-WOOL SOCKS

British Army Grey Sox. Made of finest quality all-wool. Full weight. Exactly as supplied to the British Army; they will give real 55¢

ecial, pairs for______\$1.00

Botany Wool Sox. Triple-threaded heel and toe, that guarantees hard wear and long service. In black and colors. Sizes 10, 10 ½, 11 A real value at, per pair.

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Genuine Leather Haiters, slightly used but reconditioned. The seare Government surplus stock and are excellent quality.

Regulation Halters, sim-flar to above but with double brow bands. Slightly used, but very



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The Ideal Coat for Spring and Summer Wear

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Real Leather, British-Made

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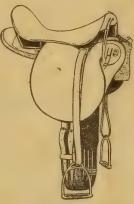


Tan and Black Leggings of close fitting style. Spring front blocked without seam at back. The biggest value quality legging in Canada today. State calf size. Per pair

Puttee Leggings (as illustrated). All straps hand-sewn. State calf size. A remarkable value, at, per pair. \$3.50

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SADDLE - \$6.75



High-Grade, Genuine Leamade of best quality oak-tanned leather. A hard - wearing saddle that gives real comfort with light weight. As used by British Ar-tillery in the war. Complete with stirmps and high quality cinch.

\$6.75

TWO EXCEPTION BOOT BARGA

Black Box-Calf Derby Bot British make, three-quart-lined. Solid leather soles, weight; for farm or ci Wide, comfortable lasts, real value, at, per pair.....

Officers' Boot, in stylish a Derby style. Soft, pliable and solid, English bend so ther lined throughout, tongue, leather heels, thousand pairs in use in roday.

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Dandy Brushes 3 for 35c



Unusual Offering in British-Made Towels

Striped Turkish Towels, with bright stripes on white grounds. A towel of soft finish and attractive appearance. Each towel 18x36 inches.

inches.
Per pair _______80¢

The "Admiral" Towel, a medium weight white Turkish towel. Very good quality.
Size 21x40 inches. Per pair 75¢

British Army Towels, the same as were issued to the troops. Pale fawn grounds with white and grey stripes. Will give much satisfaction. \$1.10

OUTSTANDING VALUE IN ENGLISH GABARDINE RAINCOATS

The "LANGTON" is a coat of outstanding quality and appearance, and at our price it is one of the best values procurable. It is made of medium fawn, wool, English gabardine in single-breasted style; all-round belt, with leather-covered buckle, big collar and lapels, and buttons through with 4 buttons; slash through pockets. Sleeves and body lined throughout with shot lining. Tabs on sleeves and vent back. Sizes 84-44 chest. Assurted lengths. Price, each.............. \$17,50

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Super Quality

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These Super-Quality Waterproof Boots are made in the "Uniform Brand" Works, Liverpool, England. A widely-imitated but never equalled boot. Be sure you get the genuine article. Made of chrome tanned leather, with double soles; calf-lined throughout; with double toe-cap and double bellows tongue. \$4.45

These Knitted Ties are regular \$1.00 value. Men will be pleased with the delightful shades and their general distinctiveness. A real Anniversary Sale \$1.00

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THESE FLANNELETTE BLANKET VALUES ARE UNSURPASSED

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White or Dark Grey Blankets, each blanket aring 58x78 inches.

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n Christie's Wonder Knife—White bone handle a key ring; large and small blades, screw er, can opener, corkscrew and leather punch; quality Sheffield steel.

Scouts' Knife, stag handle with key ring; and bottle opener, screw driver, leather purch large blade.

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Genuine British

-ARMY BLANKETS



A Warm Blanket for farm use at an unusually low price. Very strong wearing, without excessive weight. In Dark Grey shades that do not show dirt readily. Two qualities, at,

\$1.65 and \$1.95

MEN'S BIB

made of the best quality Blue Denim. Have two two hip, rule and watch pockets. Triple stitched, reinforced seams. Will stand all kinds of hard wear and give excellent service. Sizes 82 to 46 waist. Inside leg length, 30 to 84 inches. Price delivered, each____\$1.95

Smocks to match the above Overalls. Have full complement of pockets. Very serviceable. Sizes 86 to 40 Price delir- \$1.954 WRITE FOR PRICE LIST TENTS AND CAMPING EQUIPMENT

VACUUM BOTTLES

Auto or Travelling Robes

that are in Great Demand

All-Wool Driving Robes, in Check design, Blue, Green and Black, on Grey Grounds. All fast-woven colors. These are the famous "Uniform Brand", made in England, and the largest size obtainable (60 x80 inches). These robes are useful not only for driving but also as extra bedding and for travelling purposes, Specially priced at, each



Men's Khaki Breeches. Self-facings and tailored with double seats. A very good quality, at, per pair \$2.75 per pair \$10.50
With soft leather facings, per pair \$12.00

Association Footballs

Selected Leather Footballs, made in eight sections, from choice English hides. Machine sewn, regulation size. Complete, with Bladder, each \$2.25

Gloves & Gauntlets

Horsehide Gloves and Gauntlets, with outsewn seams and welted thumb. Very soft Gauntlets have stiff cuffs. Sizes: small, medium and large. Per pair. \$1.00

Per pair

Plgskin Work Gloves, with cuffs and "Pulltite" fastener. Very soft, pliable, and tough wearing. Exceptional value at, per pair

95¢

per pair

Men's Selected Horsehlde Work
Gauntlets. A very servicesble,
high-quality gauntlet, that will
give much extra wear. Has outsewn seams and canvas lined cuffs.

Per pair, only \$1.25
Cotton Wool Gloves. Have close fitting, ribbed wrist. In brown only. Anniversary Sale Price,

5 pairs for \$1.00

NEWS FROM HEAD OFFICE OF THE ALBERTA LIVESTOCK POOL

A Page of Official Information for Members of the Alberta Co-operative Livestock Producers, Ltd.

How the Buffalo Lake Co-operative Shipping Association Has Been Built Up on Contract Basis

From Small Beginnings Association Has Grown Rapidly and Will Show Turnover of Not Less Than \$350,000 for Year Just Ended—Eighteen Associations On Contract Basis Now Operating in Alberta

In 1921 the farmers at Mirror, Alberta, decided through the U. F. A. Locals that it was time to take ship to their own stock, began to analyze and when they the situation, the first thing they beheld was a host of drovers which they immediately decided to eliminate, believing this was the source of the chief ailment from which the livestock industry was suffering. They therefore started the Mirror U. F. A. Shipping Association, which was purely a local affair. While they eliminated the local drover at this particular place, they soon saw that while this proved to be of no inconsiderable benefit, it was small in comparison to the benefits they could justly expect from efforts along the lines of co-operative shipping and marketing of live-

DEFECTS IN SMALL ASSOCIATION

Some of the defects were:

First, small volume. On this account they could not pay enough to a man to handle the work on a scientific or business basis, without too much overhead.

Second, delays in shipping in not having volume to make up cars as often as they should, or else being compelled to ship out light, as sometimes happened, this causing heavy overhead.

Third, no expert knowledge was applied or available to regulate, as far as possible, the flow of stock to markets where that particular kind and quality would command the best price, and the holding off when markets were low owing to too many cattle, particularly, already having dumped on the market during any short period.

Fourth, no expert knowledge was applied to breeding or feeding, aiming to supply the market with the class or quality that it could best absorb.

MASS MEETING AT ALIX

So on March 7th, 1923, they held a large mass meeting at Alix. being representative of a territory including the following shipping points: Mirror, Bashaw, Alix. Heatberg, Haynes, Erskine, Tees, and Clive, afterwards taking in Ferintosh and Hobbema, an area of about fifty miles square, at which they discussed the advisability of organizing the above area into one big association on a purely business basis with a manager, paid full time to give the service lacking in the small association. This was referred back to the U.F.A. Locals who were again to send delegates to a meeting on June 28th. At this meeting eighty delegates and visitors attended, and the territory referred to above was

formed into the Buffalo Lake Farmers' Co-operative Marketing Association on a contract basis only.

PROBABLY FIRST IN NORTH AMERICA

This was, perhaps, the first purely livestock shipping association, on a contract basis, to be formed on the North American continent, and while there were other associations in the Province, both large and small, operating without a contract, their activities had been rather disappointing.

This association, however, as well as

This association, however, as well as others formed since on a strictly contract basis, have not only given excellent service, but have never ceased to grow bigger and better, as in the case, for instance, of the Buffalo Lake Association, which in the first year of its operations handled livestock valued at \$125,000, while during the last fiscal year, which ends May 31st, 1926, it will show a turnover of not less than \$350,000.

Nevertheless, while the through its manager, was giving a service they never had before, such as (a) orderly shipping at seasonal times, when markets were best, and holding back when markets were bad, or shipping the kind and class required at any particular period, (b) encouraging farmers to get cattle in proper condition, as well as raising better quality cattle and hogs, and therefore attracting a better price; (c) getting farmers to breed sows so that all pigs do not come at once, consequently being sold all at the same time, but having as far as possible hogs to sell every month in the year, and increasing their winter feeding operations, and by control of volume, cutting down actual handling charges very materially, but to some considerable extent attracting a better price.

TWO ENDS TO THE LIVESTOCK GAME

Notwithstanding all this, the board saw there were two ends to the livestock game: the local end, which is purely the orderly collecting and shipping, and the selling end, which the local could never hope to do successfully. Also that while associations may be ever so efficient, so long as they are putting their commodity through different channels, they are simply dumping it in large quantities, in a competitive way, to some extent as the farmer was dumping in small quantities.

So in December, 1923, the board drafted a resolution, the object of which was to put all associations on the contract basis, and to assist in the formation of associations where none existed, and to federate them all into a Provin-

cial association, thereby putting their livestock through one selling agency. The resolution requested that a copy be sent to Saskatchewan and Manitoba Farmers' Conventions, inviting them to take similar action. Two delegates were also sent to present this resolution to the U. F. A. Convention at Edmonton in January, 1924, and it was unanimously adopted by that body.

SIMPLY TAKING PLACE OF DROVERS

Now, why were these different associations not already doing this very thing? It was because as purely local bodies operating independently of each other, some of them were little better than, and in fact were, simply taking the place of the drovers, and selling direct to the packers or any old way, to get what appeared to be the highest price for the day regardless of what effect it might have on tomorrow's price. The Buffalo Lake Association always believed that in the United Livestock Growers they had a farmers' company that should be made use of by all associations, thereby putting as much volume as possible together to create not only greater trading power, but to reduce overhead to a minimum. So the association and many others consistently adhered to this principle while some through dissatisfaction with their own company took the attitude that, "If your house gets out of order, kick it down and camp in the house of your enemy rather than go to the twouble of renovating your own."

WHY SUCCESSFUL WHEN OTHERS FAILED

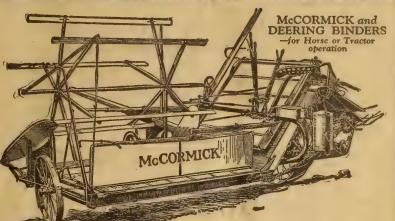
This condition naturally had to be overcome by setting up the Provincial organization referred to above. Now, why has the Buffalo Lake Association succeeded where so many have failed? Because, first, a great many of the members understood the fundamental principles of co-operation and could not be shaken in their allegiance to their organization by either adverse propaganda or a temporary benefit derived from a tempting offer of 10c or 25c per hundred weight on their stock. Also the manager has ceaselessly preached the principle of co-operation and always adhered strictly to that principle, for after all, while the contract is very essential, to start on at least, and faith is a wonderful thing, nevertheless an organization built on faith and a contract alone will surely fail, and the more of the membership who are well grounded in the principles of co-operation, the less essential becomes the contract.

Moreover, the board of this association has always been composed of men who have had a very keen realization of their responsibilities as members of that board, and have applied, at all times, strict business principles to the affairs of the organization, thereby not allowing it to drift into a one-man organization. All of which is essential, for the fact remains that a man who is elected to a board from a certain district or locality is not necessarily given a new set of brains by virtue of such election. The

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with a NEW



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Is your binder of 6-foot cut? Remember that in these days of high labor costs a new 8-foot McCormick or Deering binder will cut one-third more grain, saving time, labor, money.

When you make use of the larger binder capacities and the crop-saving improvements, a new binder in your grain may pay back its full purchase price in one harvest or two, in the savings in grain and time.

Don't take the chance of a breakdown or steady loss of high-priced grain this season. Harvest the year's crops with a brand-new Improved McCormick or Deering grain binder.

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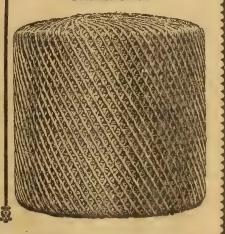
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Guaranteed for length, strength, and weight. Treated against destruction by insects. Better arrange now for your harvest twine requirements. Insure saving all the grain and preventing delay and trouble by ordering a supply of McCormick, Deering, or International, wound in the convenient "Big Ball" with the Patented Cover.



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Line of HARVESTING MACHINES

mere fact that a board is created at the head of an organization does not necessarily mean that it will succeed. In fact the reverse may be expected, unless the members of such board have business ability and the courage and determination to exercise it at all times.

Thirdly, the board of this association, as well as the manager, have always been very active, and have insisted on a strict adherence to the straight path of co-operation, instead of compromising with their conscience and buying from this one or that one, or accepting for shipment stock not under contract, which if indulged in leads to disaster sooner

QUARTER MILLION DOLLARS ANNUALLY

The Buffalo Lake Farmers have for a little less than three years, carried

on a business of a quarter of a million dollars annually, and have never sold a share of capital stock, in fact have none; never collected one cent of membership from their members, never borrowed one cent of capital, and have never had an overdraft at any banking institution during the lifetime of their association. They have cut the cost of handling stock 50 per cent., besides, through order and system being applied to their business, and have saved many thousands of dollars in the price realized for their stock. They have also acquired their own office buildings, office fixtures, and so forth, including an approved steel safe, all paid for in cash, and have administered their own affairs, such as handling their own funds, and paying them out to the producers, and have on hand a substantial reserve of about \$800.

In addition, they have contributed \$575 to the Provincial organization. They have their books audited annually by a firm of chartered accountants, so that the members have a complete statement of their business at their annual meeting, assuring them that their affairs are properly administered, and safeguarding the board from any suspicion that might arise. All of this is absolutely essential to all concerned.

EIGHTEEN ASSOCIATIONS NOW ORGANIZED

Eighteen associations have been organized and are now operating along similar lines in Alberta, and twenty others are in the process of organization, and if they all stick as closely to the fundamentals of co-operation, as this association has, the success of the Provincial organization is assured.

Alberta Co-operative League at Annual Conference Lays Plans to Widen the Consumers' Movement

Hope to Place Speakers at Disposal of Locals Where Organization of Co-operative Stores Is Contemplated—
Articles on Store Management Will Be Published in Prize Contest in "The U. F. A."—Valuable
Discussion at League Conference at Wetaskiwin

By T. SWINDLEHURST

OFFICERS OF THE ALBERTA CO-OPERATIVE LEAGUE

Officers of the Alberta Co-operative League for the coming year, were elected at the Annual Conference at Wetaskiwin, as follows:

Hon. President—G. Keen, Brantford. President—W. Halsall, Killam. Vice-President—A. P. Moan, Wetas-

Secretary-Treasurer—T. Swindlehurst, Edgerton.

Committee—Messrs. McCool (Crossfleld), Bennett (Millet), Shannon (Mannville), Welss (Bentley).

Speakers on the Consumers' Co-operative Movement to be placed at the disposal of Locals where the organization of co-operative stores is contemplated, will, if possible, be furnished by the Alberta Co-operative League in the near

Plans to this end were considered at the Fourth Annual Conference of the League, held in the Co-operative Hall, Wetaskiwin, on June 3rd.

The secretary reported that during the past year large numbers of inquiries have been received from Locals in various parts of the Province, in reference to the consumers' co-operative movement, and that a detailed account of the operations of stores now doing business in Alberta, together with bylaws and regulations, have been furnished. A general invitation was given to all Locals interested to submit inquiries to the Secretary, T. Swindlehurst, Edgerton, Alta.

TO WIDEN SCOPE OF THE LEAGUE

Representatives from Killam, Millet, Bentley, Wetaskiwin, Leduc, Elnora and Edgerton were present at the Conference, and a valuable discussion of the progress made during the past year took place, while plans were laid to widen the scope of the League. Visitors included G. H. Biggs, of the Marketing Committee of the U. F. A.; D. M. Malin, Secretary of the Alberta Egg and Poultry Pool; A. Brown and S. G. Clear, representing the Saskatchewan Co-operative Associations.

The Conference took the form of a round table talk, and much valuable information was received by all present. As compared with the number of associations in the Province, the delegation was small and regret was expressed that the opportunities which the League Conference provides should not have been taken advantage of by all the co-opera-

tive stores in the Province. The information to be gained by contact with representatives of other associations is of great value, not only from an educational standpoint, but from a business standpoint as well, for as an economic agency, the League will repay tenfold in dollars and cents the time spent by the delegates in attending the Conference.

Proceedings opened with a few words of welcome from our President, W. Halsall. A vote of thanks to A. Litt for valuable services rendered as President of the League for the past three years, was passed. Mr. Litt had resigned on taking up a position as manager of Vernon Co-operative Association, B.C. It was moved that the Secretary write, wishing him success in his new sphere of usefulness. A vote of thanks for past services was also tendered to D. M. Malin, who had retired from store management to take up the position of Secretary to the Egg and Poultry Pool.

A report of the work of the past year was submitted by the Secretary. It was announced that the organizers, Mr. Clear and Mr. Moan, will shortly visit associations south of Wetaskiwin in order to try to create increased interest in the work we have on hand.

The Publicity Committee took up with the managers of the various associations the question of submitting articles relating to the work of each individual association for publication in "The U. F. A.," a prize to be given for the best article submitted. The editor, it was announced, hoped very shortly to be able to publish the series without interruption in the official organ.

The affiliation fee to the League has been \$10 per year. It was moved and seconded that this be raised to \$25 in order that a little more might be spent on educational propaganda, but the motion was defeated, as it was stated that all work in connection with the League being honorary, the fee of \$10 would cover present requirements. The smaller sum, it was felt, would be an inducement for all associations to join up.

SUCCESS IN COLLECTIVE BUYING

The work of the committee on collective buying is having a very successful issue and we hope all associations will join and reap the benefit of our labor.

Mr. Malin, Secretary of the Egg and Poultry Pool, gave a resume of the work of that body. The Pool Board were working on schemes that would give greater service to the producer. Mr. Malin said there was much to contend with in unfair competition, but they haved to overcome that

hoped to overcome that.

Votes of thanks were passed to Mr.

Malin for his interesting and educational talk and to the U. F. A. Marketing Committee for showing their interest in our work by sending their representative to the Conference.

It was felt that a closer working relationship between the consumer and producer would be of value to both.

The best thanks of the League to the President and Secretary for their services were expressed in a motion adopted by the conference.

Athabasca "Cess" Pool Fund Now \$1364.79

All Contributions to Fund to Expose Responsibility for Irregularities Appear to Be From U. F. A. Members

The Athabasca "Cess" pool Fund, which is not for the purpose of attacking any political party, but solely to provide means of making the judicial inquiry into the responsibility for grave irregularities in the Athabasca Federal Constituency last October, thorough, has not as yet received any contribution from any party source.

Contributions received date total to \$1,364.79 acknowledged below:

Contributions received to date total \$1,364.79 acknowledged below:

Previously acknowledged, \$1127.69; Clyde, 238, \$10; Tolland, 808, \$5; Progressive, 359, \$2.50; Partridge Hill, 885, \$5; Rossington, 6, \$5; Oscar Olson, Shoal Creek, 50c; Fairgrove, 337, \$1; Magnolia, 592, \$5; Sounding Lake, 670, \$2.50; Stettler, 89, \$7.25; Fleet, 785, \$5; Rosewood, 413, \$4; Bee Hive, 199, \$2; Hudson Heights, 626, \$5; Waterhole U. F. A., \$4; Braes O'Benachie, 646, \$1.25; Ministik, 266, \$1; Travers, 188, \$5; Owl's Eye, 723, \$5; Mooswa, 423, \$10; O. Bullis, \$2; Willow Lea, 667, \$5; H. O. Kvark, 10c; Springbank, 824, \$10; Scottstown, 529, \$1; Westfield, 624, \$3; Rising Sun, 185, \$5; Conjuring, 1056, \$12; Excelsior, 59, \$2; Floral, 471, \$4.25; B. A. Duffner, Carseland, 289, \$5c, A. Anderson, Carseland, 289, 50c; W. Berquist, Carseland, 289, 50c; T. H. Kruse, Carseland, 289, 50c; F. J. Nash, Carseland, 289, 50c; C. A. Phillips, Carseland, 289, 50c; L. A. Phillips, Carseland, 289, 50c; L. A. Phillips, Carseland, 289, 50c; L. A. Phillips, Carseland, 289, 50c; J. A. Anderson, Carseland, 289, 50c; J. A. Stern, Carseland, 289, 50c; Wheatsheaf U. F. A. and U. F. W. A., \$10; Lomond, 562, \$1.25; Freeland, 734, \$2; Mayerthorp, 539, \$9.25; Creighton, 191, \$1.50; Jas. Meehan, Hanna, 50c; C. S. Phibbs, Hanna, \$1; F. Simpson, Hanna, 50c; C. S. Phibbs, Hanna, \$1; F. Simpson, Hanna, 50c; C. S. Phibbs, Hanna, \$5; Ingleton, 976, \$5; Vimy Ridge U.F.W.A., \$2.75; Ensign, 688, \$10; Burnside, 568, \$6; Dewberry, 98, \$2; High Prairie, 156, \$12.50; Hathersage, 138, \$5. Total, \$215.10.

Donations received by Mr. H. King: Walter Honeybourne, Egremont, 25c; Waskatenau Local, \$11.50; Willow Spring, 208, \$10.25. Total from both sources since last list, \$237.10.

Grand total to date, \$1,364.79.

Grand total to date, \$1,364.79.

WHY I AM A MEMBER OF THE U. F. A.

(Continued from page 8)

ness of the Government efficiently, cleanly and in favor of the common people in the land—for the courage and determination it has instilled in the membership, and for the permanency of the organization which cannot be broken as long as its principles are adhered to.

Last, but not least (though this is to be regretted), I am proud to be a member of the U. F. A. because there is no organization like it. There are commercial organizations for economic gain only, and there are social, political, educational and co-operative organizations. The U. F. A. comprises all these and besides, the greatest of purposes in which most all others are lacking—the teaching of clean, true and intelligent citizen-ship. The U. F. A. is the best investment available today.

In a brief letter to "The U. F. A." apropos the foregoing article, Mr. Lund says in part: "I want to get the idea across that the U. F. A. is something for every farmer in Alberta to be chesty about. I would be happy if I could influence a single farmer that has been hanging on the fence all these years, to join the U. F. A. family."



A New Efficiency For Your Tractor

You will find it in this lubricant, made especially for YOUR tractor since the first of its kind was placed in operation.

Union Oil Company has made SPECIAL TRACTOR OILS since the beginning of the use of tractors.

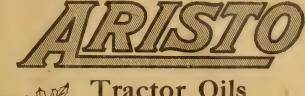
It has studied and experimented with every tractor's needs. It knows all types, all peculiarities of all the different makes.

No matter what kind you use, "Union Oil" has designed a special oil for every part of it.

So we offer you YOUR tractor's most efficient oil.

Try it and learn what it adds to economy, reliability, what is saves in power and expense.

Keeping tractors working is saving money, making better profits. Let Union products help.





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A Dependable Lubricant to Make Tractors More Efficient

Because it SAVES All the GRAIN-Don't lose your crop this year



The New Tilting Feeder Full Roller Bearings Alemite-Zerk Lubrication

You harvest your grain when it is ripe, not while it is turning or when it is overripe, You put the binder in the field just the day the grain is ready to cut.

With the 4 Threshermen of a Nichols & Shepard Thresher on your farm, you can thresh the same way, just the day the grain is right, while each kernel is bright and plump. The 4 Threshermen, the Big Cylinder, the Man Behind the Gun, the Steel Winged Beater, and the Beating Shakers, send all your grain to the wagon box and none to the straw pile.

If you own a Nichols & Shepard Thresher the 4 Threshermen will make sure this year that your grain is threshed before it gets so dry that it shells or so wet that it sprouts in the shock.

The Red River Special threshes all grains and seeds.

Each thresher is equipped with full Roller Bearings—Alemite-Zerk Lubrication—and Tilting Feeder that makes the cylinder more "get-at-able." The price is within the reach of any farmer and the machine is exceptionally durable, being practically all steel

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Say you saw it in "The U.F.A."

PEOPLE OF ALBERTA SHOW COM-PLETE CONFIDENCE IN U. F. A. ADMINISTRATION

(Continued from page 6)

Lethbridge: A. Smeaton, Lab. Medicine Hat: C. S. Pingle, Lib.

RESULTS BY CONSTITUENCIES

Apart from the cities of Edmonton and Calgary, the results, up to the time of going to press, are:

ACADIA
Proudfoot, U. F. A., 855; Campbell,
Lib., 287; Kerr, Cons., 240; 29 out of 73
polls. Proudfoot's election conceded.

ALEXANDRA

Enzenauer, U. F. A., 1,235; Alsaze, Lib., 214; Crossley, Cons., 376; 18 polls out of 26. Enzenauer's election conceded.

ATHABASCA
Dent. Cons. 229; Frame, Lib., 346:
Mills, Ind., 216; Evans, U. F. A., 286; 6
polls out of 26. Will be about July 9th before count complete.

BEAVER RIVER
Delisle, U. F. A., 1,231; Dechene,, Lib., 631; Geauvreau. Cons., 614; 23 out of 52 polls. Delisle's election conceded.

Shaw. Lib., 844: Plumer, U. F. A., 870; Purcell, Cons., 636; first count complete.

CAMROSE
Vernor Smith. U. F. A., 2.748; Cunningham. Lib., 565; Code, Cons., 303:
Campbell, Lib.-Pro., 253; 52 out of 54 polls. Smith's election conceded. Other three lose deposits.

CARDSTON
Stringam U. F. A., 1,302; Caldwell.
Lib., 590; Card, Cons. 461; 23 polls out of 24. Stringam elected.

CLARESHOLM
Walker, U. F. A., 955; Watt. Cons.,
359; 34 polls out of 37. Walker is elected.

COCHRANE

McCool, U. F. A., 748; Laut, Lib., 527; Mortimer, Cons., 337; 18 out of 23 polls. McCool's election conceded.

CORONATION

Johnston, U. F. A., 1,552; Dr. Day, Lib., 797; Thomas. Cons., 481; 56 out of 94 polls. Johnston's election is conceded.

CYPRESS

Baker, U. F. A., 1.126; Foster, Lib., 688; Ervine, Cons., 171; 45 out of 54 polls. Baker's election conceded.

DIDSBURY

Claypool, U. F. A., 1,896; McDonald, Lib., 486; Williams, Cons., 285; complete. Claypool elected.

EDSON

MacIntyre. Cons., 777; Pattinson, Lab., 739; Doyle, Lib., 581; 29 out of 49 polls; doubtful.

EMPRESS

Smith. U. F. A., 558; McEachern, Lib.. 248; McCrimmon, Cons., 103; 17 out of 35 polls. Smith's election conceded.

GLEICHEN

Buckley, U. F. A., 1,405; Miller, Cons., 696; Lount, Lib., 360; 26 out of 28 polls. Buckley elected.

GROUARD

Giroux. Lib., 807; Dimsdale, Cons., 806; 14 out of 28 polls.

HAND HILLS

Forster, U. F. A., 1,817; Anderson, Lit., 880; Silvington, Cone, 509; 48 out of 68 polis. Forster's election approach.

HIGH RIVER

Brown, U. F. A., 1,135; Morrison, Lib., 235; Carlyle, Cons., 500; complete. Brown elected.

INNISFAIL
Cameron, U. F. A., 1,104; Morkeberg,
Lib., 821; McLean, Cons., 513; 26 out of
29 polls. Cameron's election conceded.

LACOMBE

Mrs. Irene Parlby, U. F. A., 1,337; Puffer, Lib., 954; Pratt, Cons., 402; 42 out of 63 polls. Mrs. Parlby elected. LAC STE. ANNE
McKeen, U.F.A., 953; White. Lib., 306;
Barker, Cons., 382; 24 out of 50 polls;

LEDUC

McKeen's election conceded.

Breton, U. F. A., 1.466; Carroll, Lib., 1.129; Kidd, Cons., 587; 52 out of 74 polls. Outlying polls will be strong for U.F.A.

LETHBRIDGE

Smeaton, Lab., 1.595; Galbraith, Lib., 1.481; Davidson, Cons., 1,123; complete. Smeaton elected second count.

LITTLE BOW

McPherson. U. F. A., 1,327; McNaughton, Lib., 557; Patterson, Cons., 475; complete. McPherson elected. Naughton, McPherson 475; complete. McPherson MACLEOD 660: N

Shield, U. F. A.. 660; McDonald, Lib.. 574; Patterson, Cons., 123; complete; Shield elected by 105 on second count.

NANTON
Galbraith. U. F. A., 540; Stanford, Lib., 184; Keen, Cons.. 324; 20 out of 25 polls.

Galbraith elected.

MEDICINE HAT
Pingle, Lib., 1,595; Hendricks, Cons.,
,294; Hole, Lab., 711; complete; Pingle elected on second count.

Smith, U. F. A. 1,587: Cook. Lib., 712; Walkley, Cons., 370; 33 out of 35 polls. Smith elected.

OKOTOKS
Hoadley, U. F. A., 863; Birney, Cons., 783; complete. Hoadley elected.

PEACE RIVER
Allen, U. F. A. 2,226; McIsaac, Lib.,
1,006; McMillan, Cons., 792; 32 out of 38 polls. Allen's election conceded. PEMBINA

MacLachlan, U. F. A., 1,897; Henderson, Lib. 781; A. Henderson, Cons., 394; 34 out of 48 polls. MacLachlan's election conceded:

PINCHER CREEK

Bossenberry, Lib., 595; Cook, U.F.A., 553; Allison, Cons., 486. Cook elected by 32 on second count.

PONOKA
Brownlee. U. F. A., 1,116; Crandall,
Lib., 399; Beaumont, Cons., 326; Brownlee elected on first count; 34 polls out of 45.

RED DEER Smith, U. F. A., 1,449; Payne, Cons., 1.326; Gaetz, Lib., 620; complete. Smith elected.

Farquharson, U. F. A., 1,317; Johnstone, Lib., 494; Tregale, Cons., 254; 31 out of 41 polls. Farquharson elected.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN

Christophers, Lab., 1.696; Dinsmore, Lib., 737; Kerr, Cons., 684; 21 out of 26 polls. Christophers elected.

ST. ALBERT Lib., 445; Normandeau, U. F. A., 179; Loiseau, Cons., 75; Hogan, Ind. Lib., 216; 7 out of 29 polls. Boud-reau probably elected.

ST. PAUL Jely. U.F.A., 848; Montambeault, Lib., 815; McPhetters, Ind., 66, Incomplete; July's election conceded.

A Weeder

A Gultivator

Our Weeder will

not clog, will pull

better than they

A Packer

SEDGEWICK

Andrews U. F. A., 1905; Caldwell, Lib. 591; Dreany, Cons., 446; 40 out of 46 polls; Andrews elected on the first

STETTLER
Sanders, U. F. A., 991; Auxier, Lib., 611; Blair, Cons., 513, 47 out of 103 polls.
Later return, Sanders' election conceded.

STONY PLAIN
Washburn, U. F. A., 656; Lundy, Cons.
404; Dr. Oatway, Ind. Lib., 348; McKinley, Lib., 387; 46 out of 52 polls.

STURGEON

Carson, U. F. Å., 668; Hope, Lib., 357; Holmes, Cons., 127; 21 polls out of 69. Later, Carson's election conceded.

TABER
Peterson, U. F. A., 1,792; Horrigan,
Lib., 647; Prouce, Cons., 479; 38 out of
42 polls; Peterson elected.

VEGREVILLE

Matheson, U. F. A., 1,274; Hannan, Lib., 1,090; Fraser, Cons., 591; Bahry, Ind., 164; 24 polls out of 37; Matheson elected.

VERMILION
Reid, U. F. A., 1,200; McNabb, Cons., 496; Ebbett, Lib., 387; 63 out of 86 polls; Reid elected.

VICTORIA

Hennig, U. F. A., 872; Walker, Ind., Lib., 846; Phylpow, Lib., 65; Molsey, Ind., 48; Pullishly, Cons., 41; 15 out of 21 polls.

WAINWRIGHT

Love, U. F. A., 1,404; Hudson, Cons., 957; 38 out of 43 polls; Love's election

WETASKIWIN
Sparks, U. F. A. elected on second count; details lacking.

WARNER
Conner, U. F. A., 533; Leffingwell, Lib.
184; Giles, Cons., 137; 18 out of 26 polls. Conner elected.

WHITFORD

Mihalcheon, U. F. A., 735; Shandro, Ind., 156; Greckol, Lib., 155; Mickajluk. Cons., Berguson, 64; 15 out of 35 polls. Later, Mihalcheon's election conceded.



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Keeps your summerfallow clean of weeds, conserves the moisture, and greatly increases your yield of grain.

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See our Exhibit at both Calgary and Edmonton Exhibitions.

Samson Rotary Rod Weeder, Limited

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Alberta Department of Agriculture

SPECIAL EXHIBIT

For Farmers and Livestock Shippers

For the purpose of education of farmers and livestock shippers on the great losses due to

BRUISING OF LIVESTOCK

in loading and shipping, arrangements have been made for the showing of a special automatic motion picture exhibit depicting damage done by bruising incidental to the handling of livestock, and the proper method of loading and shipping.

This exhibit will be shown at the

Calgary Exhibition July 5th to 10th Edmonton Exhibition July 12th to 17th

The co-operation of the Alberta University, the packers. producers and others interested, has been enlisted in showing this exhibit, which is owned by the Alberta Department of Agriculture.

The exhibit deals with a matter of urgent importance and should be seen by all those interested in the handling of livestock.



Dr. C. E. Messenger CHIROPRACTOR

Chronic Cases a Specialty X-Ray Laboratory in Office Third Floor, Leeson-Lineham Block

Sure You Can Grow Trees on Your Property

On our 700-acre farm at Estevan, in the same kind of soil as yours, through cold winters and dry summers for the past 14 years, we have been proving this fact, and developing the varieties that thrive best in this climate.

Now we are able not only to supply you with stock that is guaranteed to grow, but to send you a horticulture and landscape expert to advise you in the selection of the most suitable trees, shrubs, fruits and flowers for you to plant, how and where to plant them, and how to care for them after

When you have started planting on the plan we will recommend to you, you will have a new source of pleasure and profit, that will increase in value year after year. The cost is small—the returns are great. Thousands of customers come back to us year after year for additional stock.

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When Writing to any of these firms please say you saw the Advertisement in "The U. F. A."

Urge Removal of the Discrimination in Freight Rates

Case Presented at Hearing Before Railway Commission on June 14

Removal of existing discrimination in freight rates against certain points in the Prairie Provinces was called for, and the case for freight rate reduction was presented at the opening of the Western sittings of the Board of Railway Commissioners in Winnipeg on June 14th, by John W. Ward, Secretary of the Canadian Council of Agriculture, in behalf of the Council. It was urged that the lowest freight rates on grain and livestock at which the C. N. R. can operate without loss should be brought into effect.

D'Arcy Scott, of Ottawa, appeared for the National Dairy Council and asked for reduced freight rates on butter and cheese particularly from prairie points to Montreal and Vancouver for export. The present charge on a carload of butter containing 50,000 lbs., from Winnipeg to Montreal is \$805, while from Edmonton or Calgary the charge is \$1,230 per car. Figures were produced to show that these rates yield large profit and a substantial reduction was urged.

FARMING PEOPLE MOST AFFECTED

J. W. Ward presented the case on behalf of the Canadian Council of Agriculture and pointed out that farmers were more affected by freight rates than the people of any other occupation. Producing largely for export, the farmer paid the freight on his own products, and since the manufactured goods which and since the manufactured goods which he consumed were sold at prices based on the point of production, he also paid the freight on those things which, through the process of trade, he received in return for his own products. The farmer thus paid the freight both ways, and unlike the manufacturer, the wholesaler and the merchant, could not pass them on to anyone else. Mr. Ward pass them on to anyone else. Mr. Ward quoted figures published by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics to show that over 35 per cent. of the freight loaded at stations in Canada came from the farm, and claimed that the prosperity of the railways and the business of the country generally depended on the increase of agricultural population and production. In order that the farmers now on the land might remain there and new settlers might come in in satisfactory numbers, it was necessary that freight rates should be kept on the lowest possible scale.

Reference was also made to the adjustment of freight rates on grain from the Prairie Provinces to Fort William, so as to remove discriminations which still exist against certain points, and which, it was claimed, are contrary to the amendment to the Railway Act passed by Parliament in 1925, and to a similar adjustment which, it was claimed, should be made to comply with the order of the Board of Railway Commissioners regarding freight rates on grain

The resolution submitted regarding freight rates on grain and livestock over the Canadian National Railway, was in the following form:

NATIONAL TRANSCONTINENTAL RAILWAY

"Whereas the National Transcontinental Railway was built to carry Western grain to Canadian seaports by an all-Canadian route and to increase railway traffic between the Maritime Provinces and the West, and

and the West, and
"Whereas on the completion of the
National Transcontinental Railway In
1916, the Dominion Government put Into
effect a rate of six cents a bushel on
wheat from Armstrong to Quebec, and
"Whereas the Hon. Dr. Reid, formerly
Minister of Railways in the Dominion
Government, stated in Parliament that
six cents a bushel was a profitable rate,
and

"Whereas the Government shortly afterwards increased the rate to 20 cents a bushel, with the result that the line

a bushel, with the result that the line is practically unused, and "Whereas we are of the opinion that this line should be used for the purpose for which it was constructed, "Therefore, be it resolved, that this Convention request the Dominion Government and the Board of Railway Commissioners to put into effect the lowest freight rates on grain and livestock over freight rates on grain and livestock over the National Transcontinental Railway at which the Canadian National Railways can operate without loss."

The cost of carrying grain over the The cost of carrying grain over the National Transcontinental Railway is being investigated by the Board and by experts representing the C. N. R., and the Quebec Harbor Commission, and Mr. Ward admitted that he was not in a position to say just what the rate ought to be. He believed, however, that the rate of cleans contains the property per bushel from Armof eleven cents per bushel from Armstrong to Quebec, suggested by the Quebec Harbor Commissioners, which was practically an extension of the Crow's Nest rates, should be sufficient to permitted to the companion of the Crow's Nest rates, should be sufficient to permit to permit the present the profit. mit a reasonable profit.

YIELD HANDSOME RETURNS TO RAILWAYS

The fact that the bulk of the profits of the railways was made during the months in which grain traffic in the West was heavy, was evidence that the Crow's Nest rates yielded handsome returns to the railways, and if grain could be carried profitably from Western points to Armstrong at a certain charge, he saw no reason why they could not con-tinue to move eastward at an equal rate per mile. He also referred to the excellent service in the shipment of live cattle given by the Canadian National Railway in 1923, when the United Grain Growers Ltd. shipped a number of trainloads to Quebec over the N.T.R. for export. The route was shorter than to Montreal, requiring only one stop for feeding between Winnipeg and Quebec, while the facilities provided at Quebec were much superior to those at Montreal, the trains running on to the wharf alongside of the ship. Most of the ships coming up the St. Lawrence, however, had to get a great part of their cargo in Montreal and in order to induce them to put into Quebec, a premium of several hundred dollars had to be paid in addition to the regular ocean rate. If grain and other products were also exported through Quebec more ships would call there and this additional cost would be eliminated.

LARGEST REVENUES IN 1925

Mr. Ward further claimed that all reasonable reductions in freight rates could be made without unduly curtailing the revenues of the railways. The C.P.R. in 1925 earned the largest net operating revenues in the past eight years, namely



A Full Line

Horse and Tractor Tillage Tools Gang and Sulky Plows Walking Plows Harrows Cultivators

> Fallovator Wood Bres. Threshers

Oliver plows and tillage implements are built to do better work in every soil condition.

An efficient and courteous dealer organization is ready to supply you with just the tools you need. The Oliver Fallovator is the newest

implement in western Canada. Have you seen it?



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\$41,947,733, while for the first three months of 1926, the two railway systems combined showed net revenues more than double those for the corresponding months of 1925, being greater by \$7,-648,355.

E. P. Flintoft, K.C., counsel for the C.P.R., cross-examined Mr. Ward at some length as to what he considered reasonable profits for the C.P.R. The witness agreed that the C.P.R. property was worth several hundred million dollars in excess of the capitalization of the company, but pointed out that this surplus was made up by subsidies in cash, property and land granted to the C.P.R. by the Dominion Government and from surplus earnings contributed by the public through excessive freight rates. He maintained that the C.P.R. had no right to capitalize public grants and excessive earnings and then expect to receive dividends upon them. He pointed out that the ordinary share-holders of the C.P.R. had received dividends of 10 per cent. per annum for many years past, and claimed that when the earnings of the company were greater than the amount required to pay a 10 per cent. dividend there should be a reduction in freight rates.

NEWS FROM THE WHEAT POOL HEAD OFFICE

(Continued from page 7) the amount of \$397.50." Secretary German's letter continues:

HISTORY OF THE SASKATCHEWAN CASE

"Now, the history of this case is briefly as follows: The defendant, one Leon R. Zurowski of Southey, Saskatchewan, signed a contract with the Pool and deliberately proceeded to dispose of his wheat on the outside market. Action was instituted against him by the Head Office of the Saskatchewan Pool, and the case was tried before Mr. Justice J. F. Embury on December 11th, 1925. The judge decided in favor of the defendant

on the following grounds:

"(1) that the plaintiff was a primary grain dealer under the meaning of the Canada Grain Act and that the Pool had

not a license to operate as such;
"(2) that the agreement between Zurowski and the Pool had not been completed by the acknowledgment to the defendant of the acceptance thereof by the

"(3) that no allotment of stock had been issued to the defendant by the Pool following the defendant's application for one share of stock, as embodied in the terms of the Members' Agreement, and "(4) that the clause providing for

25 cents per bushel liquidated damages was in fact the imposition of a penalty and that in his (the judge's) opinion it was doubtful if any loss at all had been sustained by the plaintiff."

VALIDITY OF SASKATCHEWAN CONTRACT SUSTAINED

Mr. German goes on to indicate that upon being notified of this adverse decision the Saskatchewan Pool immediately appealed the case, and when it came up on June 21st, Justice Lamont found in favor of the appeal and held the defend-ant liable for the amount of damages mentioned above. The appeal, according to the newspaper report, was sustained by three judges, the judgment of Mr. Justice Lamont being concurred in by Chief Justice Sir Frederick Haultain and Mr. Justice McKay. It will be evident, therefore, that the validity of the Saskatchewan Pool Agreement has been sustained in a very decided manner, though it remains to be seen whether Zurowski will appeal against this decision.

Delegates to Annual Meeting, Wheat Pool

Delegates to the Annual Meeting of the Alberta Co-operative Wheat Producers have been elected as follows:

Lethbridge, District "A"

A-1, J. J. Evenson, Manyberries; A-2, Roy M. Hearn, Etzikom; A-3, N. L. Eliason, Wrentham; A-4, C. Jensen, Magrath; A-5, T. P. Bowlby, Coaldale; A-6, A. T. Pippard, Maleb; A-7, H. C. McDaniel, Whitla; A-8, J. W. L. Hooker, Travers; A-9, A. P. Hempel, Retlaw; A-10, C. H. Axelson, Bingville.

Claresholm, District "B"

B-1, W. H. Shield, Macleod; B-2, H. L. McDonald, Carmangay; B-3, J. J. Strang, Claresholm; B-4, Geo. W. Wood, Parkland; B-5, H. S. Parker, Carmangay; B-6, O. L. McPherson, Vulcan; B-7, D. H. Galbraith, Vulcan; B-8, H. C. Wingate, Cayley; B-9, V. J. Bertrand, Mile; B-10, C. S. Kiddoo, Glenview.

South Calgary, District "C"

C-1, John Fowlie, Social Plains; C-2, Wellington Yake, Cappon; C-3, Geo. Coutts, Cessford; C-4, Ben S. Plumer, Bassano; C-5, P. Rogers, Chancellor; C-6, E. W. Pust, Rockyford; C-7, Angus Watson, Strathmore; C-8, J. H. Schmaltz Beiseker; C-9, John Atkinson, Carbon; C-10, C. E. Hoback, Airdrie.

North Calgary, District "D"

D-1, R. V. Bamber, Sibbald; D-2, Rufus Cates, Oyen; D-3, W. J. Blair, Sedalia; D-4, L. S. Dawson, Chinook; D-5, J. P. Watson, Chinook; D-6, Joseph Schell, Stanmore; D-7, E. D. Blain, Hanna; D-8, A. McLean, Sunnynook; D-9, R. A. McPherson, Delia; D-10, C. W. Bebinson, Munson Robinson, Munson.

Red Deer, District "E"

E-1, H. W. Wood, Carstairs; E-2, H. L. Frayn, Trochu; E-3, Geo. H. Biggs, Elnora; E-4, J. W. McLachlan, Hespero; E-5, E. A. Hanson, Big Valley; E-6, D. Ferguson, Cornucopia; E-7, J. E. Brown, Castor; E-8, T. C. Barrett, Red Willow; E-9, J. H. Suggett, Bentley; E-10, T. P. Baker, Ponoka.

Camrose, District "F"

F-1, C. A. Fawcett, Consort; F-2, Oliver M. Smith, Provost; F-3, C. L. Trigg, Cadogan; F-4, T. Johnson, Loyalist; F-5, C. C. Wager, Federal; F-6, D. Williamson, Hardisty; F-7, W. Hallum, Sedgewick; F-8, Jno. W. Laing, Galahad; F-9, Wm. Mohler, Strome; F-10, Lew Hutchinson, Duhamel Hutchinson, Duhamel.

Edmonton, District "G"

G-1, H. Foreman, Chauvin; G-2, P. J. G-1, H. Foreman, Chauvin; G-2, P. J. Enzenauer, Lloydminster; G-3, Geo. Bennett, Manville; G-4, W. J. Dillane, Viking; G-5, E. Williams, Leduc; G-6, A. W. Fraser, Vegreville; G-7, E. W. Goodridge, Egremont; G-8, A. R. Brown, Westlock; G-9, E. H. Keith, Lake Saskatoon; G-10, M. R. Upton, Berwyn.

AGREEMENT WITH THE U. G. G. RE JOINT HANDLING COMPANY

We are daily receiving letters from Wheat Pool Locals and from various individual members, expressing their

opinion of the merits or demerits of the arrangement recently approved of by our Delegates for entering into a con-tract with the United Grain Growers for the organization of a joint handling company. The great majority of these letters express complete approval of the arrangement, while a few express dis-satisfaction and a small number express opposition.

The following is an excerpt from a letter just to hand from the Secretary of our Wheat Pool Local at Minburn, in Sub-District "G-3":

"The new Board has instructed me as "The new Board has instructed me as their Secretary, to write your office, showing their appreciation and approval of the Directors' policy in Pool and Elevator matters. The latter, they think, has been dealt with very wisely in not rushing to purchase elevators, as conditions may change and these added obligations might embarrass the financing of our Pool."

FORCES OF CO-OPERATION AND HARMONY REMAIN IMMUNE TO POISON GAS OF THE DIVISIONISTS

(Continued from page 1)

the development of an industrial system in which all industrial elements would systematically function together was the greatest immediate problem that society was facing. We believed that we repre-sented an important industrial interest, and we wanted to so construct our force as to be in position to intelligently represent our interest in legitimate, intelligent industrial construction.

CANNOT CO-OPERATE WITH DIVISIONISTS

After five years of experience and study we see more clearly than ever that we are on a constructive basis, while the political party is not. This represents five years of citizenship development. We see more clearly today than ever before that we must make proper adjustments with all legitimate industrial in-terests; and we see more clearly than ever before that we have no adjustments whatever to make with a political party. Our system is a system of getting together and constructing; the political party system is one of division and obstruction. We want to co-operate with all social constructive forces; we can cooperate with no divisionists or obstructionists.

As a result of this clearer understanding of the true principles of our political movement, not only among farmers, but other legitimate, thinking citizens, our movement is much stronger in Alberta than it was five years ago. It represents youth, vigor, virility. The political party system represents age, senility and decay.

NEW LOCAL—PEACE RIVER

South Red Willow Local, near Elmworth, in the Peace River Constituency, was organized recently by J. W. Boyd and Hugh Allen. Wm. Barr and G. S. Moyer were elected officers.

MANOLA LOCAL ORGANIZED

H. Critchlow was the organizer of Manola Local in Pembina Constituency. C. Ross, Kinsella, and C. Thorp, were chosen president and secretary of the new Local.

FARM LANDS

IRRIGATION IN SOUTHERN ALBERTA offers an opportunity for farmers in the new Lethbridge Northern Irrigation District where schools, churches, coal mines, rural telephones, and splendid roads already exist. A well settled community, no pioneering. The district is cut by three branch railway lines. Land sold on crop payments, at \$10.00 to \$15.00 per acre. Water payments spread over fifty years. Applicants must have own equipment and qualifications of farm experience. This is a proposition for real farmers who appreciate the value of irrigation as crop insurance. State fully what equipment you have and your experience. Apply, Colonization Manager, 117 Alberta Government Bldg., Lethbridge, Alberta.

HELP WANTED

THE EDGERTON CO-OPERATIVE ASSociation Ltd. has vacancy for a well educated youth to learn the business of general merchants, and to qualify for post as departmental manager. References required. Address, Manager.

POULTRY

BARRED ROCK HATCHING EGGS FROM Lethbridge Experimental Farm strain, \$3.00 per 15. Mr. Dean Larson, Box 91, Raymond, Alta.

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SEED GRAIN, ETC.

BROME GRASS SEED, BEST QUALITY, 8 cents. E. C. Hallman, Acadia Valley,

TITE BLOSOM SWEET CLOVER, thoroughly cleaned and scarified, bagged 8½ cents a lb. Kallal Bros., Tofield, Alta. WHITE

FALL RYE SEED; PURE; 90c PER BUS.; sacked. S. J. Groner, Lougheed, Alta.

FRESH FRUITS

FRESH FRUITS, BERRIES, VEGETABLES.
Picked prime, properly packed, dependable, direct to you. Write today for price list twenty different kinds. Quality Fruit Farms, Chilliwack, B. C.

RASPBERRIES \$3.75, ROYAL ANNE CHER-ries \$2.90. Express prepaid. Write for complete price list. E. J. Cook, Box 94, Nelson, B. C.

LOGANBERRIES \$3.00, RASPBERRIES \$3.25. Other fruits ready soon. Write for price list. Highland Farm, Mission, B. C.

SWINE

FOR SALE—REGISTERED DUROC BOAR, one year old. March and April spring pigs ready to ship. W. L. Gray, Millet,

CLOVERSET TAMWORTHS ARE REAL bacon type and easy feeders. Choice young boars for sale; also weanlings, either sex. Cloverset Farm, Edmonton.

THE LARGE BLACK PIG

Weanling boars, sows and unrelated pairs for sale. Price \$15 each with registration papers.
This pig does not sunburn. H. G. L. STRANGE FENN, ALBERTA

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REGISTERED ABERDEEN-ANGUS COWS, heifers, bulls. Fifty head; reasonable. L. McComb, Huxley, Alta.

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Cause removed, one office treatment
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HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE, OR TOBACCO Habit easily, inexpensively overcome, without drugs. Send address, mention your trouble. Dr. S. H. Stokes, Mohawk, Florida.

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GARMENTS AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS OF all kinds cleaned or dyed. Price list and information upon request. Empire Cleaning & Dyeing Co., Ltd., 244-236 Twelfth Avenue West, Calgary, Alberta.

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LUMBER, SHINGLES, FENCE POSTS, poles, cordwood and slabs. Write for delivered prices. Enterprise Lumber Co., Vancouver, B. C.

FENCE POSTS, POLES, PICKETS, FUEL WOOD Write for delivered prices. NORTH WEST COAL CO., Edmonton

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